

RESOLUTION XII – SLOVAK REPUBLIC

THEME: CONFLICT AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

CONCERN: REFORM OF THE VOTE IN THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

- Underlining that the duty of the members of the Security Council consists in assuring the fast and efficient action of the Organization of the United Nations in addition to international peace and security in the name of all members of the Organization,
- Observing that the biggest weapons exporters in the world are the United States of America, the Russian federation, the Popular Republic of China, the Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland as well as France,
- Fearing the monopolization of other markets and a repartition of spheres of influence by the permanent members of the Security Council,
- Pointing out that the number of used vetoes mounts up to 265, and that every one of these vetoes was used to block resolutions and to hinder the General Assembly from debating these resolutions,
- Reminding that in 1951, because of the paralysis of activities of the Security Council in the face of the threat against world peace expressed by the Popular Democratic Republic of Korea, the General Assembly took the initiative to use its powers to intervene in the Korean conflict, despite the international tension and risk of world war,
- Decides to reform the vote in the security council so as to give each permanent member two voices;
- To abolish the veto right belonging to the permanent members of the Security Council;
 - That in the case of a tie in the number of votes within the Security Council, the resolution will be voted on by the General Assembly of the United Nations.

The French text is binding.